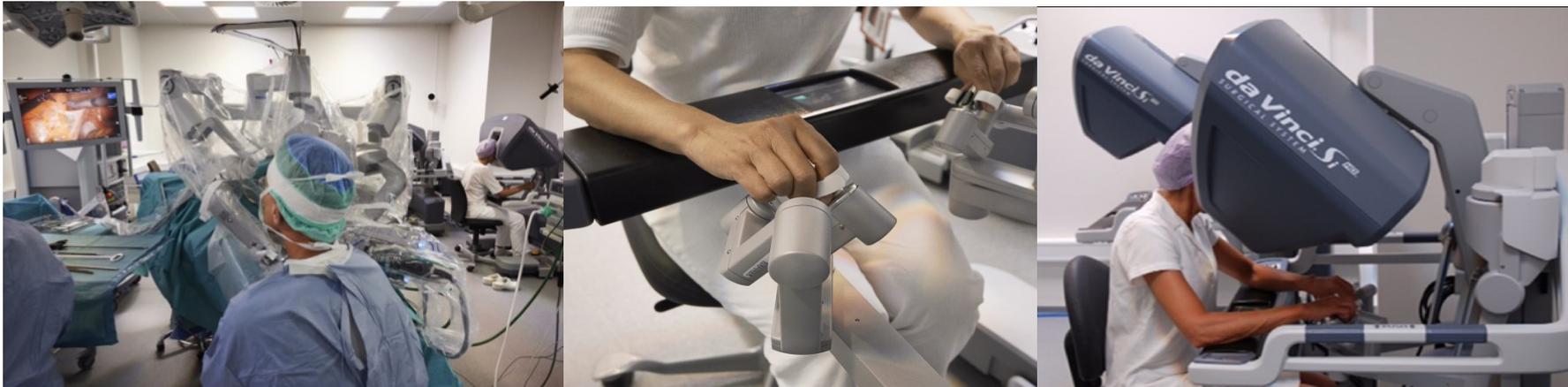


Nationwide Implementation of Robotic Minimally Invasive Surgery for Endometrial Cancer Increases Survival and Reduces Complications

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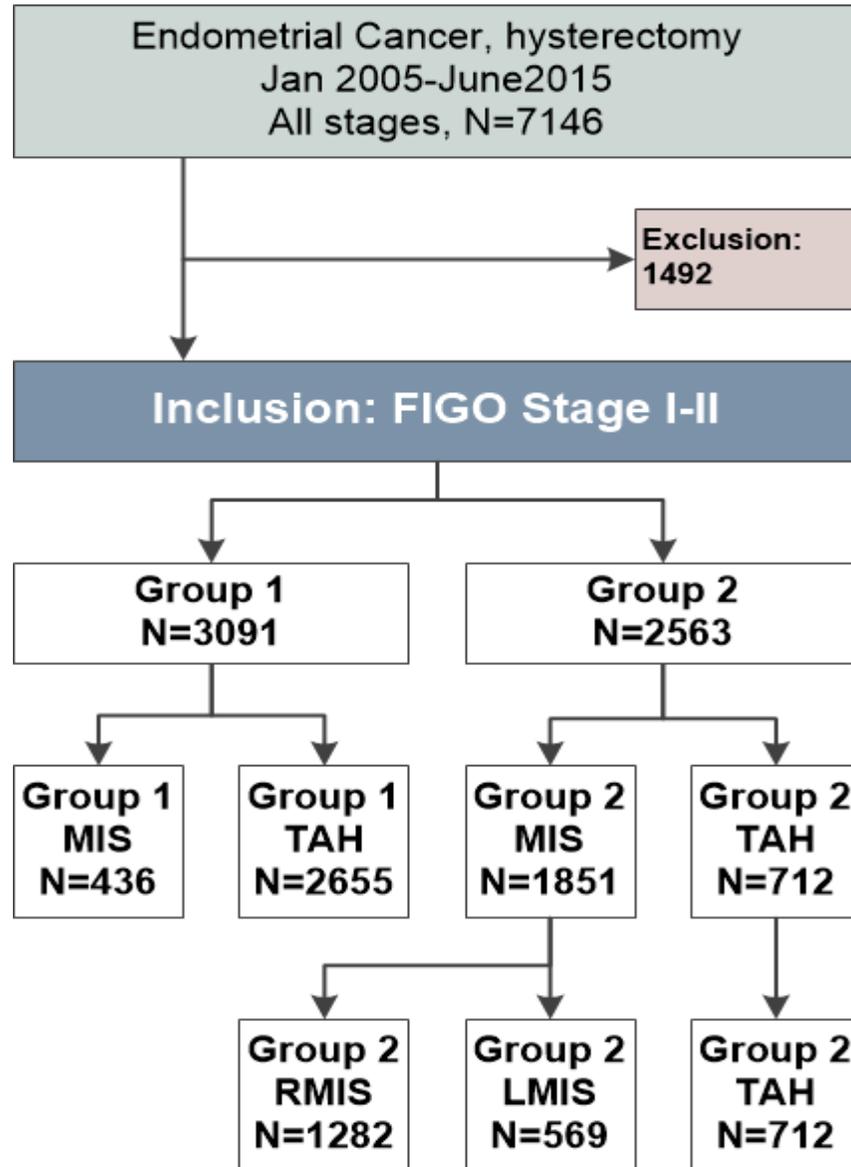
Aim & Design

To determine if a **nationwide** implementation of **robotic** minimally invasive surgery influenced the risk of **severe complications and survival** among women with early-stage endometrial cancer

The individual woman was allocated to *Group 1 if operated BEFORE* and to *Group 2 if operated AFTER RMIS implementation in her county*

TAH, Total Abdominal Hysterectomy
LMIS, Laparoscopic Minimally Invasive Surgery
RMIS, Robotic Minimally Invasive Surgery

The validated Danish Gynecological Cancer Database

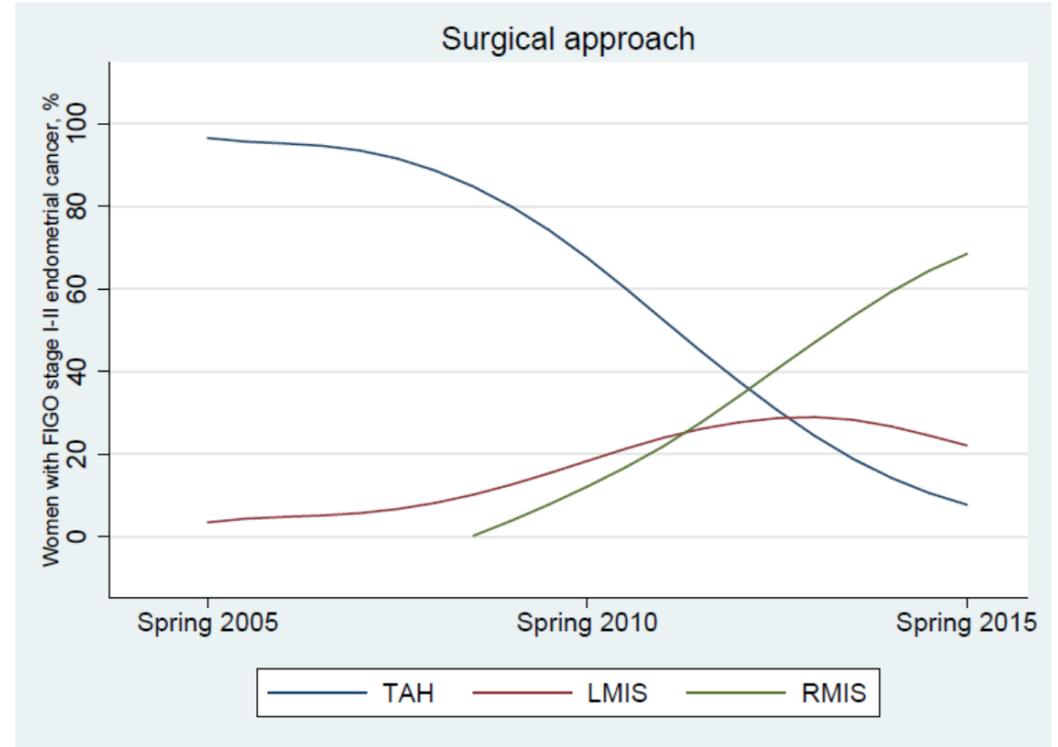


Severe complications

Nationwide implementation of RMIS transitioned the surgical approach

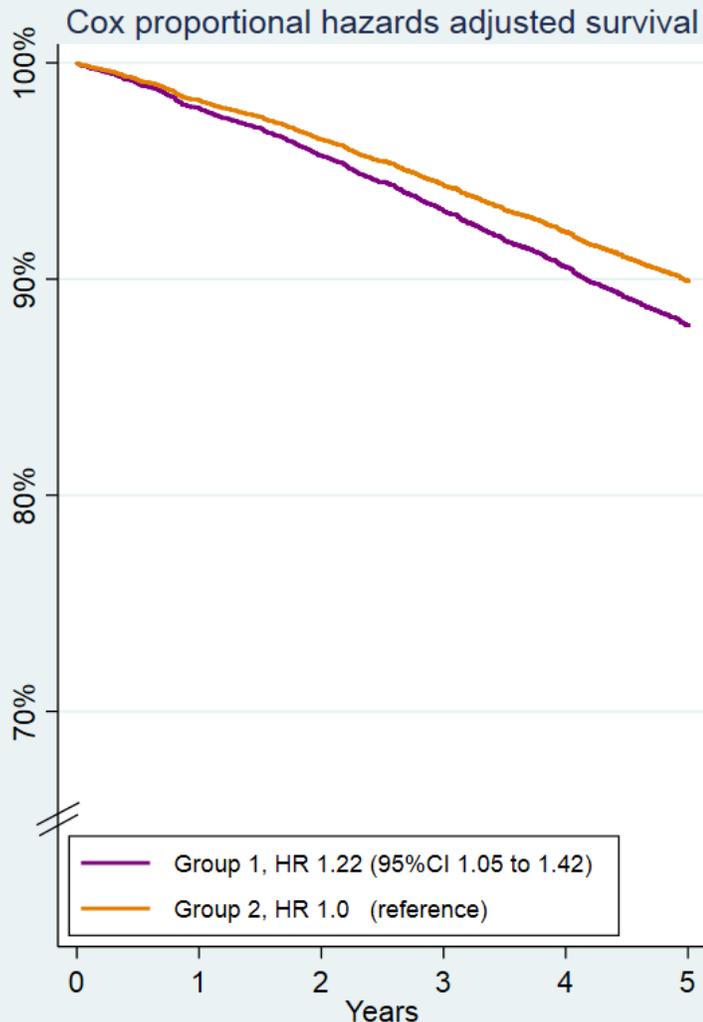
From 97% open to 95% MIS over a decade

MIS reduces severe complications



	Severe complications	Multivariate logistic regression
Group 1, overall	7.3%	OR, 1.39 (95% CI 1.1-1.74)
Group 2, overall	6.2%	Reference
Group 2, TAH	11.4%	OR, 2.91 (95% CI 2.01-4.23)
Group 2, LMIS	5.1%	OR, 1.39 (95% CI 0.87-2.23)
Group 2, RMIS	3.9%	Reference

TAH, Total Abdominal Hysterectomy
 LMIS, Laparoscopic Minimally Invasive Surgery
 RMIS, Robotic Minimally Invasive Surgery
 Group 1, Before RMIS implementation
 Group 2, After RMIS implementation

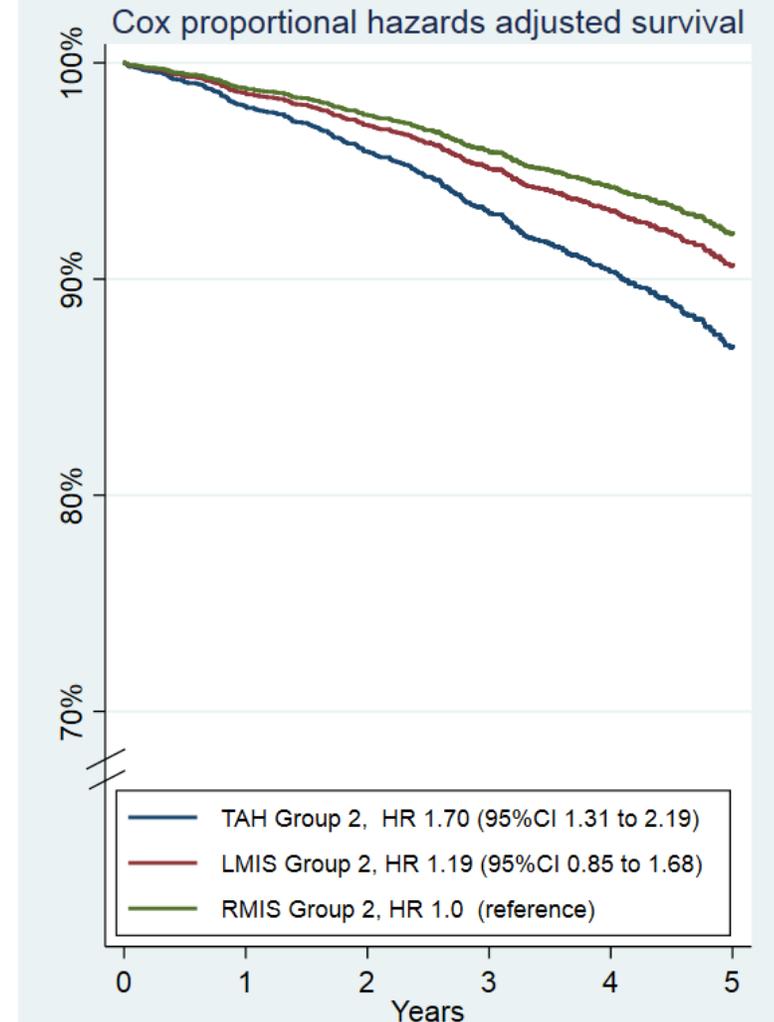


The 5-year survival was significantly **lower before RMIS** was implemented

The 5-year survival was significantly **lower following TAH**

No difference was found between **LMIS and RMIS**

TAH, Total Abdominal Hysterectomy
LMIS, Laparoscopic Minimally Invasive Surgery
RMIS, Robotic Minimally Invasive Surgery
Group 1, Before RMIS implementation
Group 2, After RMIS implementation



Conclusion

The Danish nationwide implementation of robotic surgical availability enabled a paradigm shift towards minimally invasive surgery

This translated into reduced risk of severe complications and increased survival.

